## Philosophia Maturata:

AN

Exact Piece of Philosophy, Containing

The Practick and Operative part thereof in gaining the Philosophers Stone;

With the wayes how to make the Mineral Stone, and the Calcination of Mettals.

Whereunto is added,

A Work Compiled by St. Dunstan, concerning the Philosophers Stone,

And the experiments of Rumelius and Preparations of Angelo

Sala, all most famous

Chymists in their time.

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A Preface relating to the life of St. Dunstan, the Author.

or reverent an esteem Antiquity bath had of this holy man wil appear, in that so many famous Authors have written concerning him, to wit the Author of the Brittish Antiquities; Hi-

story of Great Brittain; Malmsbury, and Mat.

Welt-



#### The Preface.

Westminster. He lived about the year of our Lord 94.6. hawing been at first a Monk, after that Abbot of Glastonbury, then Bishop of Worcester, next of London, and sinally Archbishop of Canterbury: As to the Religious part of his life, it was so exemplary, that after ages even to this time bave esteemed it miraculous: He flourisbed in the Reigns of Edred or gar three Kings of Eng-

#### The Preface.

· land. In Edwins Reign he was Banished, during which time the King by the Rebellion of his Subjects was deprived both of his life and Kingdom, whom Edgar succeeding, highly favoured and promoted.He Crownd Edw. King at Kingston, this Edward was surnsmed the Martyr, being murthered by the procurement of Queen Elfrida. Aster whose death Ethel-Eldred, Edwin and Ed- ... dred was Crowned King by Dunstan, with whom

#### The Preface.

also he was so much in favour that he preferred him before all his Nobles and laid up all his richest royal Honsboldstuff, Charters and Records with all his Wealth and Treasure in his Monastery, so that all things were in his power, the King without his advice doing nothing either in the publick assairs of the Kingdom or in his own private negotiations: And as he stood thus in his Masters favour, with

### The Preface.

with all fidelity to that great esteem he employed his endeavours to enrich religious places either by the Danes wasted; or by bimself founded: in this manner didour Author by the favour of his Prince attain the highest honors, and surely not without great merit, his extraordinary acquired parts and learning, deserving greater Eulogyes then this narrow scantling of Paper can allow room for. At last full of honour and dayes

#### The Preface.

dayes and replete with Educuelle Celle Cel the grace and affection of his Prince, be received his Quietus est from the cares of this world to enhim the pattern of his Religion, vertue and learning for the world to you have in the ensuing & Vale Lector.

To the Understanding Reader.

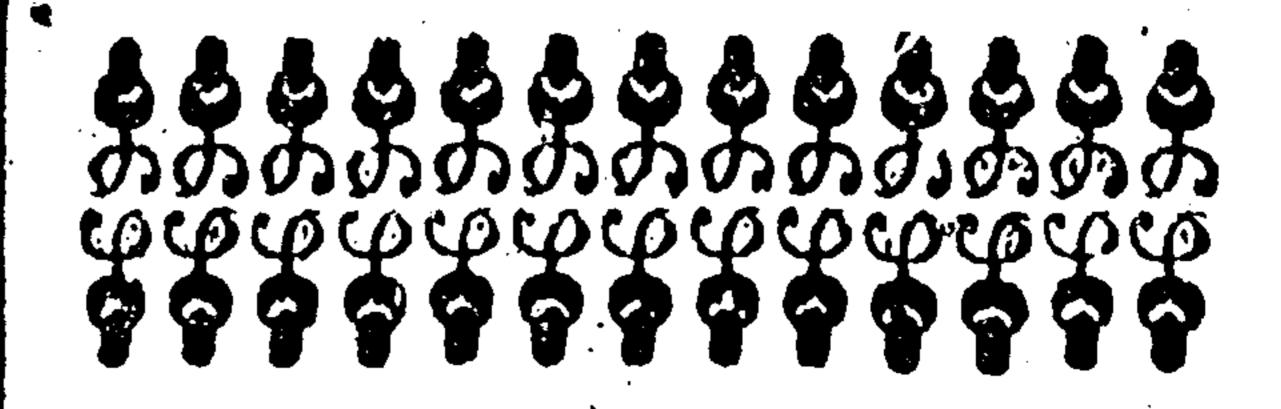
joy the happiness of a An exact Piece of Philosophy, better, leaving behind for its subject is of such a nature as none but such as are quassopped Lovers of Wisdom, are able to comprehend, and that hath made some even pretenders to Learning cry out, That the Philosophers imitate, a tast whereof Stone is indeed an invaluable Gemme, but such as deserves only to pass among nominal, not real dissourses. Et sic Vive Jewels, but it would be a toylsom work, and to as little purpose as certare de lana caprina, to give an answer to such Anomalus Caprichio's.

The following tract (there is no doubt) will yeild great satisfa-ction to all such as knowingly

pursue this kind of Philosophy, especially when they shall consider the eminency of its Author, for it bears in front the Reverend Character of Learned Dunstan, of whom the present world, at least those therein that have conversed in this Science, cannot but know, that he was as exact as diligent, and so diligent, that none before, nor hardly any since did ever arrive herein to equal perfections with him.

But why should we waste time in making Eulogyes of him, of whom not only antiquity, but even the wickedness of the present age speak both great and honourable things, (to give them no greater a Title) Let the Work it self advance (as no doubt it will) its own praise, for its Author needed not the stilts of a vain-glorious sustentation, Fare-well.

L. C.



# Exact Piece of Phylosophy.

Touching the Stone of Phylosophers.

derstood, That the Ancient Phylosophers did often endeavour to compose in a most short time above the Earth, those B things,

things, which by Nature, in many years, were perfected under the Earth; viz. To make most perfect and most pretious Sol and Lune; wherein they imitated the foresteps of Nature, choosing to themselves most pure Earths, white and Red, which they named their sol and Lune; joyning them together as Nature doth, without repugnance, untill at length they were brought to a fixation and subtility: This thing also is needfull for you to perform, if you desire to obtain the desired end in this Science.

For Sol and Lune, is no-ter coloured with a little thing else, but Red and White Earth, to which Naleast quantity abundantly ture

The sol and Lune, is no-ter coloured with a little Saffron, so they may in the least quantity abundantly ture

B 2 tinge

Argent vive, pure, subtile, white, and Red, and so of them hath produced Sol and Lune.

It is therefore needfull for thee, seeking this Science, That first thou get these Earths, White and Red, subtile, pure and fixed, and in these two Earths to fix two Mercuries, white in the white, and red in the red, without division, and by their least parts, so as they may endure the greatest examen of the fire, and may have such fusion, that as we see a great quantity of Water coloured with a little least quantity abundantly

tinge every mettall, and all metalline spirits whatsoever, so as they be of the same Kind and Nature, and may altogether and sully bring them to their own

quality.

And moreover, that inthemselves they may be infinitely multiplied, and able to free the body of Man from the worst and most deadly Diseases; which Properties truly are not found in common sol and Lune, without great Labour, (and yet but onely in part) because that the Vegetative power, the Mother of all increase, for the most. part, is long since extinct in them.

If thou know how to perform this, and to imitate the condition of the inferiour nature in making Metrals, thou mayst worthily rejoyce in the name of a Phylosopher, as being not meanly expert in natural things.

It is to be noted, That the more Antient Phylosophers used not common sol and Lune in this Work, and therefore they said, That their work needed not great Cost and Charges, but that it might be as well performed by the Poor, as the Rich: Which were altogether different from the truth; if it could not be performed without Common sol and Lune: For they are very

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ly to be gotten of poor men without great labour. Indeed, many have brought great quantities of Sol and Lune to nothing by this Art, and have unprofitably spent and wasted their Time and Labour, to the destruction both of their Bodies and Souls, which is much to be lamented.

Moreover, in these our Times, we know no man who doth diligently and truly find out the Philosophers Tinctures, but most of them labour absurdly and vainly in vulgar Mercury, and in common Sol and Lune; therefore few of them obtain this grace.

Lct

Let us take heed; for although Sol and Lune may be subtilated and mixed with tinctures, and so reduced into lesser tinctures and Elixers with mean profit; yet the true way according to the Doctrine of Philosophers, is not in them: for Sol and Lune are two tinctures Principal, red and white, buried in one and the same body, which by nature were never brought to perfect compliment, vet they are separable from their dirty and earthy accidentall dross, and afterward according to their proper qualities, are made most fit ferments for pure earth, white and red, so as in no sort they.

they are said to need any.

other thing.

For the whole Work is one, and the thing it self is one, and all the whole is derived from an Image. For our Ancestors knew, that the parts of this our Stone are celestiall and concrete; which were altogether abfurd, if common Sol and Lune were needfull to the composition thereof.

For it is said, Take a body wherein is Argent vive, pure, clean, unsported, and incompleat of Nature: such a body after its compleat and perfect cleansing, is much better then the Bodies of Mineral Sol and Lune.

Of this self-same body, which

which is the matter of the Stone, three things are chiefly said; namely, that it is a green Lyon, a stinking Gumme, and a white Fume.

But this is spoken of Phylosophers, purposely to deceive Folks, and to bring, them into doubts, by the many and different names.

But understand thou shalt, one thing alwaies is really signified, though accidentally and by names it is said to be three: for the green Lyon, stinking Liquor, and white Fume, are spoken of one and the same subject, wherein they altogether lie hid, untill by Art they are made manifest.

By the green Lion, all Philosophers mean green Sol multipliable and spermatick, which is as yet incompleat by Nature, having power to reduce Bodies to the first matter, and to make fixed things spirituall and flying, and so it is fitly called a Lion.

For as every Beast is subject to the Lion, so every Metalline body is confirmed. and strengthened by the power of this Liony and green Sol; namely, of our Mercury, when it is Philosophically prepared.

This is bred and born with a certain water, which we call Argent vive of the Philosophers, and white

Mercury

Mercury: Therefore their water White and Red, giveth unto us two tinctures, white and red, proceeding from one body and substance: These are alwaies named our Mercuries; and after due conjunction, decoction, and digestion, we call our White and Red Stones.

By the stinking gumme, we mean a certain stinking smell, proceeding from the unclean Body in the first distillation, which is altogether like unto stinking Assafætida, that with a certain sweetness, whereof it is said before its preparation, its. smell is grievous; which is: most certain: but after that; Alb)

in a due manner it shall be prepared and circulated in-

to any quintessence.

This dignified matter of Philosophers abounds with unspeakable sweetness, having power to cure the Leprosic, and other grievous Discases; and without this our living Sol, it is impossible to make aurum potabile, to cure with; which of Philosophers is called the Elixer of Life, and of Metta's.

Yet Ideny not, but that Philosophers may very well and with good success, dissolve Mineral Lune and Sol with radical things of their own kind, and as yet not perfected by Nature, and so may

lattain to the highest mysterie of this Art.

But certainly it is not for every mean Wit; it is for Princes who do most abound with Sol and Lune: but this way is universally open and lawfull unto all men, yet chiefly for poor men, as being more brief, and of lesse Cost.

It is called a white Fume, because that in the first distillation, before the red tincture doth ascend, there. riseth a fume truly white, whereby the receiver is clouded with a frequent milkish shadow and moy-Aure, for which cause it is the Virgins Milk. Wherefore, wheresoever thou

endued with these three qualities, know that it is the true matter of the Philoso-

phers Stone.

There ariseth a Question troubleth fantastick Heads, viz. our Stone sheweth it self in a foul shape, because i it is in everything, and in every place; whence many men reading this, make choice of several and stinking things, which with great. labour they distil, calcine, & joyn together. But let such. hear what the Phisosophers. say, who so seeks the Philosophers Secrets in Turds looseth-tle cannot produce a Rose, his Labour, and in the end nor a Woman a Dog; How finds nothing but deceit. Yet

thousshalt find a substance. Yet there is also another thing which troubleth these mens Brains, viz. our Stone is bred between two Mountains, it is cast out into the Dunghill, and trovery difficult, which much den under mens feet, it is counted a most vile and contemptible thing, it is. generated between Male and Female, and lieth hide in Thee, in Me, and in such. like things. And contrarily it is said, Our Stone cannot be in things differing from its kind, namely, from the Nature of Sol and Lunes. for nothing can give that which it hath not. A Netthen shall we resolve so many doubts rising from . Contrarieties?

Truly, it is easily done; for it is plain. That nothing in this World, whether it be Animal, Vegetable, or Mineral, can be generated without a natural and a spe-

cial appetite.

Therefore according to the Doctrine of Phylosophers, which informs us only by obscure Examples; We must understand that the Stone may be by Similitude in every thing, and in all places, chiefly, because it is nothing else but a specifical vertue and quality joyned with natural heat, whereby every compounded thing is brought to his perfectest determined end. Things

Things generally spoken are alwaies generally to be understood, for what earthly thing can be in every thing, and in all places, but only a specifical Appetite, and a natural Heat; for

of Phylosophy.

these are the immediate and

near causes without which the Stone cannot be.

Whosoever therefore desireth to understand the Stone, let him not depart from his specifical quality

and Original.

Of a Man cometh a Man, of a Rose a Rose; so likewise from a matter, which is: potentially Gold, having things necessary, and Excrements purged, ariseth Sol by aminward Appetite; thereforc

fore from a Mertal ariseth a multitude of metalline tin-Aure and perfection: The Stone is made of a mettal, living, hot and moist, when natural heat is joyned with it, whereby it is made apt to generate its like. For our Stone is most pure matter, viz. the nature of Sol, containing in it self a vegetable hear, whereby it hath power and vertue alwaies to multiply in its own specifical and natural form; therefore it is called the secret Fire of nature, stirring up the compound, and perfecting it in our Glasse into a Stone, in like manner as seed, by reason of its own proper naturall heat, and radicall moisture,

moisture, if its mother Earth doth putrific to admirable Generation and Multiplication.

Whosoever therefore keeps not this our heat, our fire, our balnium, our invisible and most temperate flame, and of one regiment, and continually burning in one quality and measure within our Glasse; I say, whosoever understands not this Dunghill, horsebelly, and moist fire, shall labour in vain, and shall never attain this Science.

Thou seest therefore that the radical humidity, which is that first vegetable Vertue, is the cause of multiplication of every thing in its

kind. Theresore of the Composition of Soland Luise take our burning water, that Aqua vite, which the ignorant do think, but falfly, to be extracted from Wine, Oyl, and such like Li-

Isay, such green Sol and Lune, in which the vegetable vertue is not extinguished, but is living, hot and moist, and hath power to reduce all Bodies to their vegetability; for by this, with Gods permission, bodies extinct, and not multipliable, may more easily get the habit and vertue to germinate, which of Phylosophers is called the beginning and tearm from whence the Stone is generated. Marie

Marie the Prophetesse in an Epistle to Aron, writeth, That the Body taken from little Mountains, is a Rody white and clear, not suffering putrefaction nor motion, and it is that which is generated between Male and Female; By those little Mountains is understood Sol and Lune, which are naturally separated from us by a great distance, by whose influence Gold and Silver are generated, both which are in our Mercu-/

By Male and Female, we understand Agent and Patient, Active and Passive, both which are also in our active Mercury, and in our Passive

Earth.

Whereby

Whereby, without doubt, is inferred, that a mineral Earth and Water are the Active and Passive matter, as the Philosophers Stone. And here hence appears that community between the Poor and Rich; seeing that the Stone may be made of one thing, without visible Sol and Lune.

But here by the way, I advertise thee, that betwixt the Elixer and the Stone there is this disference; for the Stone rejoyceth in unity and simplicity, but the Elixer in plurality.

The Stone therefore is one thing, our Mercury, Sol, Lune, our Lincture white and red, which may be naturally

turally joyned with its own proper Earth, or with the Earth taken from the little Mountains, and may easily be obtained by mortal men. But the Elixer is the same vegetable Mercury, which yet by reason of its fixation, is said not to be common, but consisting of many things, for it is absolutely six'd in the Earth of common Sol and Lune: And therefore it alwayes conlisteth of many things, viz. of Mercury vegetable, and of a different Earth, which is neither Common nor sit for poor men. But of this Earth, it is not much to be respected of what substance it is, so it be fix'd.

Alphidius

Alphiaius is of the same Opinion, saying, The Faces, from whence this Earth is taken, seeing it is of no value, is altogether to be rejected, and the Mercury to be planted in another subtil Earth: For its own Earth is seldom natural in the composition of the Elixer.

An Exact Piece

Yet, my Friend, I will name it to thee by its own Name, whereby the common People name it; and it is the end of the Egg, whereby we understand the nature of Mettals, viz. Mercury rightly mix'd by Nature, with its own sulphur, of its own accord inclined by pntrefaction and growing.

From

From this Egg, three things must be considered; namely, The Yolk, the White, and the Shell; and this last is only and altogether necessary for Phy osophers, which is called the end of the Egg; that is, the last part, rejoycing in perfection, having the likeness of a little Mountain, and also generated between Male and Female; which when it is perfectly calcined it exceeds all Earths whatsoever in whiteness and subtilty, enduring the greatest fire, embracing Tincture, and desiring a metal in Nature, which is hardly believed of Workers in the unless they overovercome by experience the Mistress of things, that they be compelled to confess and admire it. But another Earth, wherein there is any Mercurial humidity, will not drink up our Mereury with so much greediness, and therefore it is not so commodious; the reason is, because it aboundeth. with its proper and natural. humidity, but this hath non such, for its humidity was naturally transferred to the generation and union of the White and the Yolk.

Yet we deny not, that this vertue is necessary, yet prositable for the preservation of man's Body, which is derived from the outward parts

parts to the inward, yet so as it be mixed with the Elixer of life; this Earth is wholly contemned, when the matter included is corrupted, and is cast out on the Dunghill, and every. where troden under foot, and accounted unprofitable.

Sometimes I desiring to try whether it would joyn with our unctious humidity: I put it thereto, which it drunk up with so great appetite as that it seemed spongious, & a most fat congealation, rather then an Earth naturally naked; from which when I had gently evoparated Mercury, it nemained very Citron.

Here

Here I will end and shew what matter, and what way of practice is necessary for this Work and Art.

Of the Practick, and Operative Part.

In the Name of God take a Drop of the Green Lyon, which I have mentioned before, and dissolve him in distill'd Vincgar very well for ten dayes, stirring the Compound strongly three times every day, that it may be well mixed: then separate the Fœces three times by filter; afterward evaporate the Vineger with a gentle sire, untill it be thick as

de Piteh, then pour it out, and

keep it safe.

Having 12 pounds of the Green Lyon thus brought into Gum, thou may'st believe, that thou halt seen Earth of Earth, and the Brother of Earth, whereof Phylosophers have so often spoken; put thereof three pound into a Glass, whose third part may contain at least sour Sextaries of Wine: put it into a Furnace with Sand, so as the Sand may be two fingers thick under the Glass. and about and above the Matter; then the matter being a little dryed with a gentle heat, put a Receiver not yet luted thereto: after a few hours, having received a

certain light Water, when thou seest a certain white Fume begin to ascend, put thereto another most long & most large Receiver, which lay close, least the Spirits break forth, which are most necessary in this Work:

Note also, that from the first appearing of the White Fume, the fire must be discreetly increased by little and little: This same tingeth the Receiver with a certain thick and milky humidity which is our Lune, and therewith shal also ascend a most red oyl, called the Philosophers aereal Gold, a stinking Menstruum, the Philosophers Sol, our Tincture, Burning water, the Blood of Green

humidity, which is the last comfort of Man's Body in this Life; the Philosophers Mercury, the Solutive Water, which dissolveth Sol under conservation of its Species; it hath also many other Names

Continue this Distillation from the first appearance of the white Fume 12 hours sollowing: then remove the Receiver, and stop it close, lest the Spirits be lost, which are very volatile and penetrative: And thus thou hast the Bloud of the Green Lyon, called The Secret Water, and most sharp Vinegar, by which all Bodies may be reduced to their first Matter, and

and purgeth Man's Body from all Infirmities.

This is our Fire alwayes equally burning in one measure within the Glass, and not without: This is our Dung-hill, our Aquavitæ, our Balmy, our Horsebelly, working and producing many Wonders in the most secret Work of Nature: It is also the Examiner of all Bodies dissolved, and not dissolved; a Fire hot and moist, most sharp, a Water-carrying Fire in its Belly; otherwise it could not have power to dissolve Bodies into their sirst Matter: This is our Mercury, Our Solzour Lune, which we use in our Secret Work.

Take the Fœces left in the bottom, as soon as they are cold; for they are our Cross-Bill, far blacker then Pitch, which thou may'st set on sire, by putting a kindled Cole into it; so as they shall be calcined of their own accord into a most Yellow Earth: But this Calcination sufficeth not for its perfect cleansing; put it therefore into a Reverberatory, with a moderate heat, for eight dayes, and so many Nights following, increasing the heat and flame, till it be white as Snow; they may also be calcined in a Potters Furnace, being meanly hot.

Take

Having this white Earth, thou may'it putrifie and alter it, or the Calxes of other Metals prepared, as I will teach you in that which followeth, at thy pleasure, into anew Whiteness or Redness, by meanes of our Lune Or Mercury, which putrisieth with them by Generation, and Vegetation; which Properties they wanted before: for the Phylosophers say, first calcine, then putrifie and dissolve; distill, sublime, descent, and fix often with our Aquavitæ; wash and dry, and make a Marriage between the Body and the Spirit; and if the Water be congealed, by a natural commixture with the Body, then

then the Body shall dye of the Flux,shedding its bloud, and putting on many Colouirs; after the third Day, he shall ascend and descend, first to the Moon, then to the Sun, through the round Ocean Sea, and without end, sitting in a very little Ship; and when his Journey is ended, he shall immediately obtain the Victory, for doing whereof, there shall not need any great expence: And thus thou may'st wait again patiently the Harvest, and thou should be fill'd with Joy and Riches. And now we will speak of Putrefaction.

Take an ounce of this Calx hidden before in the

Philosophers eg, and thereon put of the red tincture to cover it two fingers; then seal it, and set it to putrifie eight daies in a most cold place; which being ended, it will drink up the humidity; again pour on as much of the tincture, and let it stand as before for other eight daies, continuing again. the said imbibitions and times: let it stand till it cease to drink any more tincture; remove it not from its place, untill it be blacker then any pitch; which being seen, set it into a natural balmy, that the moissure with the black Earth may be digested, and fixed into a white Mineral: then divide it into

two equal parts, and work the one for the white, and the other sor the red stone: which thou shalt thus easily perform; Ferment the one part with the oyl of Lune, that is, with white water, and the other part with the oyl of Sol, that is, with the red water; and so by greater heat and digestion, it shall be converted into a most red powder, like Dragons blood.

This powder being joyned with a part of our Mercury, and circulated, is called Aurum Potabile, Elixer of life and of Mettalls, which transmuteth Mercury and all imperfect mettals into most

perfect sol.

But here learn a general Rule; If thou ordain the Elixer only for the white, then keep one part of the red work, distill the other part with a gentle fire, ta-king the white water, which we call our white tincture, our Eagle, our white Mercury, and Virgins milk, and having these two Mercuries. thou mayst practise with them, either upon their own Earths, or upon the calxes of Mettals prepared.

For it is said, The Earth is not much to be respected. so that it be fix'd. Therefore take which thou wilt, into first altered whiteness; and for the white. work, you may ferment thus;

Take the Calx of Lune and Earth altered, equall parts, grind them together, and temper them with white Mercury, named Virgins milk, which keep safe; sublime the rest not fixed, and that which ariseth to the sides of the glass, like Mercury sublimed, reiterate upon his proper calxes, grinding and tempering with our Virgins milk, distilling and subliming as before, untill no fire will raise it.

This our Mercury sublimed and fixed, made of the white Earth of bodies altered, arising at first admirably by the vertue and help of water.

This is that Mercury, instead of which the unlearned take the compounded of common Mercury, Vitriol, and Sol sublimed; wherein they are deceived: when this is thus fixed into white earth, it is afterward calcined, whereof is made an Elixer or stone as followeth; Put it into a circulatorie, and pour thereon Virgins milk. to cover it, then circulate it to the thickness of oyl, by drying and calcining it, as often as thou wilt, for by this means it may be augmented infinitely.

But before thou make projection, congeal it into an oily powder, one part thereof converts thousand, nay

ten thousand parts of Argent vive, and the other Mettals into pure Lune, enduring all trialls.

In like manner thou shalt work with the Red Water upon the calx of Metals, by fermenting and subliming upon the calx of Sol alter-

And note, That thou canst. have no perfect ferment, untill it be altered with Mercurie from their first qualities, into a new whitenesse and reduesse by means of Putrifaction and alteration, which before it wanted.

But when after putrifaction, it shall be reduced into Whiteaess, then it becomes spiritual, and is more

apt.

apt to joyn better with our Mercurie sublimed naturally, and by the least parts, and also to be fixed together inseparably; which would not be so naturall, if one part were fixed, and the other part to be separa-

Moreover, when spirits have not vertue to penetrate bodies, nor bodies appetite to imbrace spirits, it is impossible that they should be joyned by their least parts.

But contrarily, when ferments are made spirituall, then spirits will joyn with spirits, and the body which was most perfectly fix'd, is -4 naturally disposed, and inclined to return to his for-

mer

mer fixation; which without doubt cannot possibly be in bodies which were never perfectly fix'd, but the body before fixation, desiring a solid habit and fixation, draweth with him, and into his disposition, all spirits whatsoever, which are joyned with him, and not degenerating as Sulphur vive, Arsnick sublimed, Bole-Armonick, and such like.

Common Mercury sublimed, may very well be joyned with spiritual ferments, which with calx of ferment not altered, wil never be

perfectly joyned.

Therefore this part of natural Phylosophie excludeth all citrinations and dealbadealbations, which were not produced by a perfect alteration before the tincture, were joyned to their bodies.

For nothing can be made. an Elixer, untill it hath pass'd the Philosophical Wheel; which being unknown, allabour comes to nothing. Of the abbreviation of the Work.

Wherein almost all Elixers are contained, and the wayes to make them.

The First Abbreviation.

Ake Vitriol, calcine it into ashes, then beat them into most subtile powder; put them in an Urinal, and pour thereto Virgins Milk to cover them, stop the Urinal with a Linnen cloth, and let it stand eight

dayes, then adde thereto as, much of the aforesaid Milk, reiterating this from eight dayes to eight dayes, and when it will drink no more, let it stand in a cold place, close stopt, untill a ertain Cristalline earth like Fishes cyes, appear in the upper part thereof, which seperate from the gross part remaining in the bottom, which put into the Philosophers Egg to digest discreetly untill it be perfectly fixed.

Then increase the fire, till it be perfect yellow, and then again increase the fire, until it be red as Dragons blood: Then add to this a part of red Mercury, to cover it, and congeal it by circulation

culation into Oyl, and afterward into Powder, and do thus three times.

Project one part of this Powder upon forty of most pure Lune, melted with one part of most fine Sol, and it shall be converted into most pure Sol: or if you project it upon Amalgum of Mercury and Sol, or of Mercury and Lune, it shall be more certain, and more plentifull.

But if thou wilt have Gold most perfect, and most high, take the Elixer out of the Egg, put it in an Urinal, and poure upon of the fore-said red Mercury, equally compounded, and mixed with a strong Corrasive made

made of Vitriol and Sulphur, which evaporate from the Elixer with a most gentle fire, and by this means the tincture of the one water and of the other, shall be fixed with the Elixer, by augmenting its quantity and colour; which being often repeated, the Elixer shall be converted into the form of Oyl, in which if you quench Lamins of Lune nealed, they shall be throughout ting'd into most perfect Sol, which being melted with a part of most pure Gold, it shall be purer then any com-

But if you take as much of the white Earth of Mars altered as before, of Vi-

of solaltered, and afterward rubified, and then convert it into Oyl as before, with the faid compounded water; thou shalt have a great E-lixer, converting every Metall into most pure Gold.

This work may be done in twelve weeks: but it is not good for the health of Mans body.

In the same manner with the ferment of Lune altered, thou mayst fix the white Earth of Vitriol, and of Mars altered, which are reduced into Oyl with the foresaid Virgins Milk, being equally mixed with water of common Mercury, sublimed, fixed, and calcined,

so hast thou the best Elixer to convert all Bodies into most pure Lune.

#### The Second Abbreviation.

TF thou canst artificially I prepare the aforesaid white or red water, thou mayst farr sooner attain the end of the work. First therefore fix Mercury sublimed, and calcine it, and then dissolve it in the other Mercury white or red, untill they be made one water:purific this water three weeks, and it will alter the calxes of any Metall; sor in this work is joyned

joyned a twofold Water, namely, natural and against nature.

The way to fix Mercury sublimed, is thus: First sublime Mercury; if there be half a pound of it, joyn hereto half a pound of Saltpeter, and as much of Vitrio!, grinding and tempering the mixture with distilled Acetum, till all become like white Paste; when they are thus incorporated, sublime seven times, that of his own accord he may be clear, then fix it inthis manner: put two or three pound in a long receiver, stop the mouth, place it in ashes, so as the Globe be wholy covered; the first week, give it a gentle

fire; the second week stronger, and the third most strong: this done, it skall be very well fixed. Again, dissolve it in Virgins Milk, after the foresaid way and order; if thou wantest money, thou mayst obtain a branch or particular, in farr shorter time.

Thus, take the foresaid white compoundèd Mercury, and fix it upon the calx of Lune, not altered by circulating it thereon, and when one part is fixed, add more, repeating it often, untill the calx it self melt like Butter on a fiery Cole.

One part thereof projected upon ten of Mercury purged, maketh good Lune lor

for Vessels and Houshold-Ornaments. This self-same way thou mayst handle our red Mercuries composition, being made as before with the said water extracted from Mercury sublimed, fixed, calcined, and dissolved in the said red Water, so as it be then calcined upon the calx of sol not altered, and thou hast the best tincture to convert Lune into Solz whereof Rings and other things may be made.

#### The Third Abbreviation.

D'Ut into a Circulatory, In an ounce of the calx of the Egg-shells very well reverberated, and pour thereon of white or ied Mercury. to cover it ; then nip the glass, or stop it close with lute made of powder of Iron, Vitriol, and Honey, well: boyled together, circulating in baluco, till it be dryed up into powder.

This done, pour in more, observing the same order, untill it be made oyl; This converts Mercury, and the

other Metalls into most perfect sol and Lune, according to the nature and disposition of the Elixer.

After the same manner thou mayst circulate our Mercury upon the Calxes of Merals. There can be no way shorter than this; for if thou put an ounce of calx of sol with Mercury, before likewise fixed, and pour thereto as much red Mercury as may cover the calx two fingers breadth, then stop it close with Paste compounded with Hony; Bolearmenick, and Iron dust, mix'd and strongly tempered and boyled, till it bestiff and black.

Then

Then set the circulatory in a Furnace, and with gentle heat digest the red Mercury into a red and fixed calx, then adde thereto as much more of that Mercury, circulate and dry it as before, till the Calx have drunk as much Mercury as it can, and be converted into a thick blackish oyl, and so thou hast an Elixer which converts ten parts of Mercury, purged and heated, into a most red powder dry and fixed, which if thou also put into a Circulatorie with increase, and digest by imbibition and congealation, as before, it shall be so much increased in And thus thou quantity: mayst multiply this Elixer

One ounce thereof will. congeale a hundred of crude Mercury into powder; of. which powder, one ounce will convert ten of any metal:

into most purc Sol.

And this way thou mayst work with the Calx of Lune and Mercurie joyned together, so as evaporation be made by Circulation, and adding our naturall white Mercurie, untill it be reduced into oyl, proceeding in all points as in the former, with the red Mercurie upon the calx of sol, and so thou shalt have a white Elixer. converting all bodies into most pure and persect Lune.

The Fourth Abbreviation.

Earth of the quinteffence, smelling most sweetly,
and an ounce of the Mercury
of Virgins Mik; powder the
Earth, and joyn it with the
Mercurie.

perfect composition in the first order for the white Elixer, which by longer time and greater fire is reduced into a red Elixer; put therefore the compound into a blind Urinal (as it is call'd) very close stopt, and digest

gest it in dung equally for 15 dayes; then take it out, and shut it up in a Philosophers Egge, and digest it in a gentie heat, till it be black, and so unto perfect whiteness. This we call a white Elixer: within this time, the fire being increased, will be red, of which one ownce cements hundreds of Mercury into Sol.

To multiply it, take a part thereof, and joyn it in the foresaid manner with Virgins milk, digest as before, unto whiteness, and then unto reducts.

In this second repetition, the Projection will be upon

four hundred. By this Projection thou mayst multir ply it at thy pleasure.

The Fifth Abbreviation.

Molve the red Calx Jot Sol and Mercurie in. the first most strong Corrolive composed of Salt-Peter and Virriol the common way; put the solution, in a pellican in balneo, drawing off the one half, then stop it most close, dry it up with a gentle heat; then add more of the Corrolive, observing the foresaid order, in dissol-

ving, evaporating and congealing ten times, untill the Corrosive cease to arise; which is then done, when by no fire it can be fixed into powder, but remaineth like oyl and thick.

This Elixer converts Mercury, and every metall into most perfect sol; This work ought to be done in a Circulatory placed in an Earthen Pot, wherein it must stand covered with dung to the middle; This Pot must be full of holes in the bottome, and must be placed upon the mouth of a Copper Vessell half fill'd with hot water, as a Copper Vessell is. placed of a Furnace, wherein fire must be made to

continued discreetly for ne-3 cessity of digestion.
This Experiment is called

Rustum.

# Of the Minerall Stone.

J'his Works, who is Vertue, teaching the.

Take in this name the. Mercury white or red, simple. or compounded, and dissolve. therein five stones of the Sea 3 Doing in all things as you did in Virriol, and thou shalt:

shalt have the great Elixer.

By the same way of utrifaction, all Mineralls may be altered, and so of every fixed thing (a due matter being added) may be made an Elixer, for our Mercury white and red must be joyned with fixed things which want Mercury; and this way the Metalline Bodies may b3 brought into a metalline. form, namely a Vitrisied Powder, as also Egg-shells, which when they are persectiv calcined, will endure fire more than sol; and thereof being well and artificially ting'd, Philosaphers have made sol in the space of one day, which Nature cannot do under-ground in a thous

hard and incredible to the unlearned; yet true and most certain, and confirmed by the Testimony of many

Be thou therefore not solicitous or curious in choosing thine Earth, so that it be of a Metalline Nature, and

induring the Fire.

Hereby Glass is made malleable, and by meanes of this Tincture, is converted into transparent and fixed Mettal, whereby it appeareth, that this Science is pol-

For there is no Earth which doth more easily embrace the Spirituality of our than that which is Mercury most.

thousand years: A thing most deprived of Mercury, and moisture; which Privation thou shalt not find in Bodies of another Nature, although yet they be very much calcined.

Wherefore it appeareth manifestly, that seeing Sol and Lune, arc nothing else but Earth, Red and White, wherein a most pure Mer-. cury is fixed and joyned by the least parts, that Philosophers (having the same Elements) may artificially imitate Nature in her Composition under the Earth, to produce the same effect: for it is certain, that Earth may be sermented to Water, so asit be fixed; and Water fermented to Earth, if it be this without the help of any common Solor Lune: And therefore Philosophers in their Writings have taught, that the Stone is equally common both to the Poor and Rich.

These things considered, thousshalt understand, that our Stone lyeth hidden, and fecretly lurketh, often in places least suspected, and nothing esteemed, whose matter and nearness, if it should be known, would produce most great dan-

It is to be noted, that the Philosophers have sound out divers wayes of handling this one thing:But I auswer for them all, and briefly

COII-

perfect and cleansed; and of conclude, That our Earth doth drink up and fix our Merkury; and that this Mercury doth wash and ting out Earth, and so doth perfect it into the Stone, without any

further ferment.

For the white Mercury giverh a most persect Tin-Eture of Lune, and the Red Mercury of Sol: Therefores when they are fixed in convenient Earths, they make Sol and Lune, without the help of common Gold and: Silver. Behold thou understandest this Tincknre, which we draw out from a vile thing of no price: yet note, that he that hath Salt in his Breast, may ferment this Tinctire with common

Gold, whereby he may obtain incomparable Riches, yet, with Wisdom, with most great Cost, and not

An Exact Piece

without danger.

For from Sol alone, by means of this Tincture, which is our burning Wine, is made a most pretious and a most perfect Elixer, white and red; for it rejoyceth in fulness of white and red Sulpher, whereby may be made most perfect Silver.

Of this Work, I have written more fully in my Seventh Book; wherein I Treat of the manifold plenty of Gold, and of the greatest Elixer of Life: But here also I will briefly touch it. Understand therfore, that it

be-

behoveth thee to alter the Calx of Gold ( with the foresaid Stone, equally mix'd with the Water of Mercury, sublimed and perfectly fixed). into most white and

fixed Sulpher.

Then calcine it well, that the strength and poyson of the Fire against Nature put to it, do haiten to Putrifaction and alteration, may be utterly destroyed.

Then imbibe it with the foresaid simple Milk, untill the Calx it self have drunk up a reasonable quantity thereof, and that it be fix-

Dissolve it again with the same Milk, and make it volatile; afterwards fix and calcine

Oyl, with a little part of that Virgins Milk by circulation, and so it shall be a perfect Elixer, converting Mercury, and each imperfect Mettal, into most pertect Lune: and by the same way, thou mayst rubifie the other part with our Red Mercury, by fixing and calcining, and afterward dissolving it with the same Red Menstruum; and at last by circulating it into a thick Oy!, which we call potable Gold, a curing and preserving Exixer of Lift, and of Metals.

Know also, That if our Red Mercury equally with Mercury sublimed and fixed, be circulated with Lutrie, Vittiol,

eine, and then bring it into Nitriol, or Iron, before and after Rubification, be digested into Oyl, it will convert thine Lamins, of Lune nealed and injected into pure sol, which if thou afterward. takethout, it will serve sor all need to live withall.

It is a general Rule, That if thou wilt be a Master of this Art, it is needful to make a.1 Medicines gun ous and fusible, melting like wax ostheir own accord, without Func, upon a Plate nealed.

For by this means, each part will follow the other in Projection and will joyntly dilate themselves through the Pores of the Meta, without any disjunction: any

any part be ponderous, it will separate the parts of the Metal, & make it brittle.

Therefore the Medicine must be often subtilated, after that it is perfectly fixed, that at least it may be an incombustible Oyl, and rather may be called a Species, then a Genus, because it is nothing else but a fixed Tincture of Colour.

If (this thing observed) thou canst prepare thy Medicine thus, thou shalt make fair Metals, and malleable, or essenti.

Also here understand, two Bodies to be dissolved with the Natural Menstruum, is always the second Calx, not the first; and therefore it

behoveth thee to dissolve Calx of Mettals with a compound Mercury, as before is taught, that they may sooner putrisie, and be altered into the second Calx (which we call Sulpher of Nature, and Foliated Earth) which we then dissolve and circulate into Oyl, with a Simple Menstruum; namely, Natural.

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The Calcination of Met-

I Ow learn how Met-tals are to be calcined: Know therefore, that Saturn and Jupiter we calcine onely one way, which is this: Put either of them into a great Iron Vessel, and in the Fire, so that the Flame may beat upon the Mettal; and draw off the Scum with an Iron Rake to the sides of the Vessel,stirring it often, until it grow white; then searse it, 8z gather the subtile Powder; one Ounce is sufficient for thec.

Sprinkle

Sprinkle Venus and Mars with the best Viniger well distilled, that they may gather Rult: burn this with most strong Fire in an Iron Dish; when it is red-hot, cool it in the best Acetum, evaporate that Acetum, and gather a most red Earth; which dry, and keep saferly.

Amalgame Sol and Lune, and grind it on a Marble with Powder of Salt, prepared without any moisture, untill no Mercury appear: then sublime and evaporate the Mercury with strong fire; grind that in the bottome into most subtile Powder, and sublime, untill no Mercury remain with it; wash the

E<sub>2</sub> Calx

Calx with hot Water, to take away the Salt; dry it, and thou shalt have a Calx more subtile then Meal.

Another way is thus: Take thin Lamins of Sol, neal and cast them into Mercury, heated on hot Ashes; so the Mercury will drink up the Sol.

Note, That every Ounce of sol requireth four and twenty Ounces of Mercury; put this a malgame in a larg Glass; bury it in Sand in a great Furnace, give it Fire by degrees; after the sixth hour make it vehement:continue this heat five day's and nights, at each hour putting down the Mercury which ascendeth, with a linnen Cloth, bound with a littic

tle Iron Rod, and stopping the Glass with Lute, till at last all become a Powder redder then Bood, which then we call the first Calx, good and perfect; with which, if you mix Fire of Nature, touse his Vertues, as it requireth, thou canst not erre in this Science.

The Recapitulation.

Have told out of what, and how thou shalt make our Mercury white and red, and how this Mercury is to be actuated and sharpned; how thou stalt prepare

Calx, how to purific and alter them into a new White-. ness, which we call our Mercury sublimed; how to abbreviate the time of Putrifaction and Alteration; how to fix and dissolve again, and then how to circulate into a white and red Elixer; how by Imbibitions, with proper Waters white and red, they may be infinitely multiplyed to an incredible profit.

Learn therefore Patience, fear God and love him, keep these Secrets, and then the Lord will bloss thine En-

deavours.

Saint Dunstan lived, and was Archbishop of Canterhury, in the Reign of King Edgariand Etheldned His. Son, as

as appeareth by, an Antient Monument yet extant, in St. Paul's Church in London, containing, a Prophecie in these VVords:

Ere Tyeth Etheldred of King Edgar; to whom Con the Day of his Consecration, after his Coronation), it is reported, that St. Dunstan, Archbishop of Canterbury, Prophecied openly this Curse;

Because thou hast aspired to the Kingdom, by the Death of shy Brother; in whose Bloods the English, with thy infamous Mother, have conspired the Sword shall not depart from thy House, but shall be against Thee

BH

all the Dayes of thy Life, destroying thy Seed, untill thy Kinzdom be transferred to another Kingdom, whose King and Lanquage the Nation, over whom thou Regnest knowest not: Neither shall thy Sin, and the Sin of thy Mother, and the Sin of those men, who were accessary to that wicked Counselbe expiated; but by a long Revenge.

Which Things came to pass, as were fore-told by that Holy Man: For Etheldred having been in divers-Battles miserably vexed, and put of flight by King Swans-. Danjb and his Son, and at last straitly Besieged

shut up in London; He there miserably dyed, in the Year of our Lord, 1017. after he had Reigned 36. Years in great Tribulation.

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Dunstan of the Stone of the Philosophers; With the Experiments of Rumelius of New-Markct.

Ake of the best red transparent oar of gold, as much as you can have, drive its Spirit from it through a Retort; this is the and the Acetum of Philosophers, from its proper minera, which openeth radi

of Philosophy. 83.
radically Sol that is prepared.

Take the Minera of Venus or Saturn, drive their spirits. in a Retort, cach of these dissolveth Gold radically after its purification.

III.

The state of the s Take. Pulverised oar of Saturn, or vulgar. Saturn calcined, extract its salt with Acetum, or its Antina, Purificitin the best manner, that it be transparent as Crystall, and sweet as honey, and be fluid in heat like Wax, and brittle when cold. This.

This is the Tree, which is cut off, of unwholesome Fruits, on which must be inoculated the twiggs of Sol.

### IV.

Take of that Earth which lyeth waste in the Field, found every where in Moorish grounds, into which the Astrals ejaculate their operations, being adorned with all manner of Colours, appearing like a Rainbow; extract from it its purest and subtillest. This is the Universal Menstruum for all; and is all in all.

V.

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of Philosophy.

Take of the Oar of Sol and Mercurie a like quantity, grinde each very well, pour on it the Spirit of Mercurie, that it stand over 3. fingers deep; dissolve and digest it in a gentle warmth.

### VI.

Take of the best Vitriol, or of the Vitriol of Venus, drive their Spirits in a Retort, white and red; with this red Spirit being rectified and sweetned, you may ferment and inhibe the subtile White Spirit you may distolate

solve it after it hath been purified.

Take quick Mercurie, pu-rifie and dissolve it so long in alcolifated spirit of Wines till its impurity, be separated from it, and become into its extream, transparent easie fluid essence; like unto the white gluten of the Eagle, and capable to receive the blood of the Red Lyon.

The same of the sa

it as often, till it be as bright as the tear of the Eye, and can be brought no higher; thétewith you may tharpen its own spirit of Wine, which dissolveth Sol and Linne.

Take of the ranck poisonous matter or stone, called Kerg swaden, exurire, Or husks of the Metals, drive its spirit very circumspectly, receive it lo, that it may turn unto water, it reduceth'all metalls to a potable-

X.

Take of the ayre or heavenly dew, being well purified, ten parts, and of subtile Gold Calx one part, set it in digestion, dissolve and coagulate it.

### XI.

Take the Urine of a wholefome Man, that drank meerly VVine, make of it, according to Art, the Salt of Microcosme, purifie it very
well, which doth so much
accuste the Spirit of VVine,
that it dissolve h Sol in a
moment.

XII.

Take of the best Oar of Gold, pulverise it very well, seal it with Hermes his Seal, set it so long into the vaporous fire, till you see it spring up and grow a white and red Rose.

### XIII.

This last Experiment he calleth the Light. Take in the Name of the Lord, of Hungarish Gold, which hath been cast thrice thorow Antimony, and be laminated most thinly, as much of it as you will, and make with quick Mercury an a Malgame, then cascine

An Exact Piece

calcine it most subtilly, with flowers of Sulpher, and spirit of Wine burnt, as often, till there remaineth a fair fubtile Gold Calx, of a purple colour. Take one part of it, and two parts of the above mentioned red mat-ter, grind it very well toge-ther for an hour on a warnied Marble, then cenient and calcine well by degrees for three hours in a circle fire. This work must be Iterated three times, then pour on it of the best rectified spirit, that it stand over it three flingers deep; set it in a gentle and warm digestion, fer fix dayes to be extracted, bering das deep as blood; cant.

cant of that tincture, and pour on another, as long as ir will tinge it; put all these ting d'Spirits' of Wine into a Violl, so that the fourth part only be fill'd, and seal it hermetically, set it on the vaporous fire of the first degree, let it be of that heat as hot as the Sun Thineth in July, let it stand thus for forty dayes, then you mall obtain vour Wish.

The Author recommendcthithis last Experiment very Highly, affirming upon his experimental practice, that this aurum Potabile is the highest Medicine next unto the universal, and being taken in appropriated vehicles, Cureth all Discases, with out causing any pains at all.

Item, With this Aurum Potabile is Antimony prepared, so that it purgeth only downwards, and carrieth forth all ill humours without molestation, and is called the purging Gold; hence are his Pills of Gold.

It is prepared also by the Ake of Sugar one help of Antimony into a diaphoretick gold, to expell by sweating all malignant humours; and Mercurius vitæis made also with this potable gold (if it be kept in a long digestion), their dose is according to the Quality of the a Trencher; this serveth

Some Principall Preparations

ANGELO SALA.

Lounce, of Rosewater one spoonful, boyl these in a Skillet, till it afford a small thred at the pouring forth; take it off the fire, being cold pour to it one scruple of Annis oyl, pour it on a against phlegme.

# A Purge of his.

Take of the best Rhubarb, Mechoacan ana one dram, of Andromachus his Treacle one scruple; infuse these over-night in Wine, cant it off, and let the party drink it, and fast three hours upon it; it purgeth downward gently.

Hidromel, or Metheglin.

Take of the odoriferous crude Honey one part, of Fountain water six parts. boyl these, do not scumit, stirring it continually with a woodden Spatule, let it not inisying quality, it settle to the bottom, boyl it away

to the third part, then take it away from the fire, let it. grow cold, strain it through a cloth, barrell it, hang into two drams of Ginger, and one grain of Musk, then slop it very well, set it in the Sun. or warm place for 6. weeks. thus the pure separateth from the impute; draw it off into a clean vessel, stop it well, it will keep long, the staler it is, the better it

The use of it; This Liquor tasteth & smelleth like Malmesy, & is good for such as have a short breath, and are troubled with a Ptissick; it is of an abstergent and lethe Breast and Reins, cutteth

An Exact Piece

phlegme very much, preserveth the vigour of the radical moisture.

A Water for the Toothache.

Take of the Greek Pyretrum, of the root of Masterwort, and Angelico, ana one ounce; of Dragons blood, of calcined Lead, of each two ounces; of simply distill'd Vinegar two pound; infuse and extract its substance, in a warm place for a semight; then adde to it one ounce of Niter, dip into it Cotton Wooll; apply and hold it to the place affected, it allayeth the Flux, and healeth all Infirmities,

and stayeth the Rheum; it mundifieth the gums, it catnisieth, sicatrizeth, and consolidateth, and instantly allayeth the pains of the teeth. 

Balsom of Tobacco.

Take spirit of Turpentine, spirit of Juniper, of each one pound; of Indie Tobacco leaves lix ounces; infuse and circulate it for a sennight, and press it out in the press, it curuth all wounds in 24. hours.

A Stomachical Aqua-vita.

Take of cut Galanga four ounces, of Ambenerecce tour grains, of rectified Ajua-

of Philosophy.

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for a sennight, caut it off, dissolve as much Sugar in it, as you may; it is good for a weak Stomach, for the Cholick and griping in the Guts.

Aqua-Theniasalis, Azainst

Take of Andromachus his Treacle two ounces, of the root of Angelica, and Ma-Rerwort, of each one ounce, of calcined red Corals (which are calcined between two Crutibles, for fix or eight hours in a strong fire) four ounces, of Flowers of Sulphur one ounce, of rectified Agua-vita three pound:

pound: insuse these for sour days, and extract, then add to it of rectified spirit of Vitriol one drachm; one drachm of this used, serveth against all cold Defluxious, Megrums, Giddiness.

Pills for the Head, comforting and strengthening the
Brains, which defend the
same against corruptions.

Take wild Thyme four ounces; of white Agarick, of the best Rhubarb, of each 3. ounces; of Spick, Ginger, Galanga, of each one dram; of rectified Aqua-vitæ 15 ounces: insuse these for a sennight, caut it off, and pross it out as much as you F 2 can;

Alloes Succorina six ounces: boyl it in a glazed Pot or Pan, to the thickness offich, mingle one scruple of Saffron, and 5. grains of Musk, keep it in a Leaden Box. It is to be used after Supper from one scruple to ens dram; take it in a new laid Egg, or in Wine made up into Pills, purgeth gently, 17 expels Wind.

For the Gowt.

Roast a sweet Apple in hot embers, and the flowers of Cassia, of a like quantity, inbibe it with a Womans milk, make a cataplasme; it is a certain lenitive against the

of Philosophie. ior can; then take of wash'd in the tormenting pains of the Gout.

> A' laxative Conserve of Roses.

Take of old Conserve of Roses two ounces, of Diagridium one drachm and a halfsof Cinamomsof Cloves, of cach one scruple; of spirit of Wine, one dram; ot. spirit of Vitriol, ten drops; of the best Musk 3? grains: make an Electuary according to Art, without fire, in a. glass Morter; and when it worketh too dry, or groweth too dry, then put to it some Julip of Roses, and keepit in a Venice glass: its Vertue is to purge without

any detriment, it consumeth all superfluous humiditie of the body; its dose is even to half an ounce, to be raken fasting.

A Compound extract of Diagridium.

Take of the best Diagri--dium two ounces, of the root of Mechoncan four ounces, of Galanza, of Cinamom, of each one drachm, of white Ginger half an ounce, of orien al Saffron half a dram, of Musk five grains: Beat these and infuse them in Aqua-vitæ; extract and express according to Arr:then reduce it to a viscous matter, then adde of Salgema

half a scruple to each dram, and keep it in a Glass. Its dose is from five to eight grains, in wine or broth; it purgeth the Body without danger.

A Confection of Diagridium,

Take of the Compound extract of Diagridium six drams, of the powder of Diagorels two drachms, of white Sugar three ounces; of Baulm water a sufficient quantity; Make Lozenges, and keep them in a Glass, well stopt. It purgeth the Body without hurt, and is very good against abound. ing humors; it purgeth the Brains and Back, and pur-

geth the whites, and running. of the Reins, let the cause be what it will; it is good against the Dropsic, and such like symptoms. Its dose is from 2. scruples to 3, and is to be taken fasting.

# A Laxative Unquent.

Take Alloes Heppatiek, of Mirrh, of each fix ounces, of Coloquint, of Agarick, of Scamonie, of each one Ounce and a half; of Sallet Oyl 24 ounces; of Goats suct six ounces; of old wine sour pound; All these beaten groffy: Then boyl them gently in Wine in a glazed Pot, keep close the Oyl and Suet, till the Wine be consumed, then strain and keep

But if you will prepare it bitter, first boyl them, then set it in purification, in warm horse dung, for a whole month, then separate it, as above: If the Belly be annointed warm with it, and then a warm cloth upon it, it purgeth the body from abounding humours; it kills the Worms, and operateth. in other wayes.

Our Drazons Blood.

Take of rectified Mercury. 12 Ounces, of lamins of steel 3. ounces; put these into a Urinal well luted, and precipitate according to Art, iteraiterating it a second time; then take it out of the Vesfel, put it into an Earthen Pan or Glass, kindle five or six times Aqua-vitæ on it; then being dryed, keep it for

use: This is our Dragons Blood, which purgeth up-

Ward wichout any danger. Its dose is seven grains even

unto ten, in Conserve of Ro-ses, or Conserve of Baulm.

It must be taken mornings

fasting, and drink some wine after it.

Asweet Consection of Diadragon.

Blood fix drachms, of the salt of Red Corals, and Pearls,

Pearls, of each two scruples; of Saffron, Galanga, Cinamom, of each one scruple; of the best Musk and Ambergreece, of each & grains, of white Sugar six ounces, of a sufficient quantity of Rosewater.

Let the Sugar be boyled to the thickness of Manus Ohristi, in an Iron Pan, then adde the other Ingredients, and make rolls, which are kept close in a glass 3 This Confection may be used in all Diseases where there is need of purging, it attracteth from the Remoter parts, curs Phlegme and Humours, where it is needfull. Its dose is from one drachm to two, fasting: There is no

better Purge for Quartan. and Tertian Agues; and is, Medicinal against the Pox.

The bitter, Confection of Diadaragon

Take of our Dragons. Blood six drachms; of the Salt of red Corals, of Mother of Pearls, of each two: scruples; of Cloves half a drachm, of Saffron half a. scruple; of Aloes succarrina two sources; of Sugar six Ounces; a sufficient quantity; of Marjoram water; make a Confection, as above: In may be used againstyseli Discases, where Amberiand Musk cannot be used; and where no sweet things, are admitted.

Head Pills.

Take of fresh Tyme (Epithimus) four ounces; off the best Rhubub, of Mechoacan, of white Agarick, of each two ounces; of Galanga, of Cloves, of each 2 drams; of Marjoram one handful; of. Musk, of Ambergreece, of each 5 grains: Beat these, except the Musk and Ambergreece, then according to. Art make an Extract, with Aqua-vitæ, to a solid form; then adde Ambergreece and Musk, then add the powder of Mastix, and the powder of Amber, of each one dram and a half; make a maffes krep it inaglass or leaden Box. Its dosc is one seruples to be used after Supper,

or mornings, fasting; they purge without any danger, and may be used severall. times, against several Infirmities of the Head.

Conserve of dry Roses.

Take the subtile powder of red Roses one ounce, of Rosewater 3. ounces, of the spirit of white Vitriol one drachm, of the best Musk. and Ambergreece, of each one grain, of white Sugar 12 ounces; infuse the Roses in Rosewater and the spirit of Vitriol, keep them in maceration for 4. hours, in a glass, then boyl the Sugar with the Rolewater, toconlistence bé manu

of Philosophy. III

Christi, then incorporate with them the Musk and Ambergreece in a glass Morter: Thus is your Conserve prepared, which is sufficiently red and odoriferous: This. sort of Conserve is more effectual than those which are prepared in the vulgar way, especially where strengthening is needfull, by reason of the spirit of Vitriol; and the older this Conserve is, the better it is.

Electuary of Diacorals.

Take of our Conserve of Roses 12 ounces, of the salt of red Corals 2, rams, of

each one dram; of Rose Julep two ounces; make an Electuary without sire in a glass Morter, keep it well closed; it is good against the Chollick, and illiac passion, provoketh Urine, and corroborates the whole body; it mundificth, the reins and panicles of the brains, and subtillateth the blood by its mundifying quality; and it is a very good astringent af ter purging, and consequently it is admirable good sor the superfluous courses of women, as well of the white as of the red; yet so, that the party be first purged. Its dose is from one dram to two are once, to be used

An Electuary fur the Stomach.

Take of our Conserve of Roses, of Conserve of Baulm, of each 3.. ounces; of the pulp of Quinces two pound; of skim'd noney four ounces sof spirit of Vitriol 20 drops; of Galanza, of Cinamon, of cactilialf an ounce s It is belt to inco parate it in a Glass. It servern to comfort the stomach, being weakned by supersiduous humours; it lèrengtheneth and exhilerateth the heart, if continually used. Its dose is half an ounce, at a time, to be taken mornings fasting.

Electuary

## Electuary Therebininated.

Take of the whitest pulverised Sugar six ounces, of most subtilly pulverised Orras, and powder of Mastix, of each one dram; of syrup of Cinamom three ounces; Let all these be incorporated in a glass Mortar, 3 then add of the spirit of Turpentine one drachm, of oyl of Nutmegs 5. drops; keep it in a glass. This is an excellent Electuary to cut tough and viscous phlegme in the stomach and breast; therefore it is good for those that are Rhumatick, and short breathed, it purgeth the Reins, and provoketh ur ne; being

being obstructed by gross viscous humors; it may serve also against many infirmities and corruptions conceived in the womb: It is of a digestive evacuating and mundifying quality, and consolidateth also; its dose is from one dram to two, at evening to be taken going to bed.

# A Confection against the Hart-

Take of the siderial Powder, encounce; of white Sugat its ounces, a sufficient quantity of Marjorem water. Make Lozenges of it, they are admirable good for the aking of the heart: its dose is,

as occasion serveth, from two scruples, to source struples, more or lesse, as the Phylitian shail direct, and it may be ministred at all times; but the party should use it continually, then let it be taken mornings fasting.

An Antidote for the Womb.

Take of Pulequm Sylvestre, sour ounces; of Mugwort two ounces; of Galanga, Ginger, of each an ounce. Mike an extract with these, With Aquavitæsaccording to Art, to the consistence of Hony, and keep it in a Glass, adding to each dram, half a scruple of vegitable Salt. Its

of Philosophie. IIT dose is six grains, in water of Mugmort. It provoketh the Courses of Women strongly, therefore make use of it circumspectly.

An Antidote against the suffocation of the womb.

Take of the Extract of Casto-Tium 2.0unces, of the Extract of the Root of Peony I ounce; of the Magistery of the Mother of Pearls, and Corals, of each one dram; of subtilly pulvetised Eraine, Humany two drams; of Saffron orien. tall, half a dram; of Rectified Oyl of Amberitwoscruples, incorporate these in a Glass Morter, and stopt close, keep it. It is of an admirable efficacy, for the suffoca-

tion

tion of the womb; its use is fasting, and may be continued for eight dayes, or as long as there is occasion for it: Its dose is half a scruple, and are to be made into Pills: it may be ministred also in water of Marjoram and Pyony.

A Powder of Diacorels.

Take of Red Roses two ounces and a half; of the Salt of Coralls, half an ounce; of the Spirit of Vitriol, two drams, of Sugar-Candy, one dram; of Ambergrease and Musk, of each four grains.

Make a Powder according to Art, and keep it well stopt in a Glasse. This Pow-

of Philosophie. der is good against Convul+ sions, and pains of the hearts itstrengtheneth the brains and subtillateth the bloods and maketh the heart glad, and causeth a good digestion in the stomach. Its dose is half a dram, in Wine, or other proper Vehicle.

A Confection of Diacoralls.

Take of the Powder of Diaeoralls two drams; of the Spirit of white Vitriol, two scruples, of white Sugar two Ounces, and a sufficient quantity of Rose-water. Let the Sugar be boyled to the considerce of Manus Christin put in a Glasse in Sand, then add the Powder

to its afterward the spirit of Vitriol, then cast it for himo Tablets, and keep them in a Box of Wood, this confection is a true Conservative of mans body: It is of an admirable vertue. Its dose is haif a dram, which is to be taken fasting.

## A pretious Antidote.

Take of our pretious Magisterium of Extractum le Zourdicum, of cacloitwo drams: of our pretious golf den Bezourd, of our golden Cordiel Electrum, of the Extracts of Opium Thebaicum, of Amterorease two scruples, and

of Philosophie. and sisteen grains of pure Musk, gr. b. of the whitelt Sugar an ounce: the dry Ingrediences must be well grounded on a Marble; for two or three hours, to an impulpable Powder.

## A Ballum of Treacles

Take of the Treacle of Andromachus four ounces, of the Root of Mastermort, Angelico, Pimpinella, Tormentilla, of each an ounce, of Galanga, of Ginger, of each six drams, of the Salt of Rede Coralls, and orientail Pearls, of the Lemman Earth, of prepared with the juyce of each half an ounce; of Ori-Lemons, of each one dram; entall saffron, one dram; of Camphire one scruple; of the

best Musk, and of Ambergrease, of each halfa scruple; of the spirit of Turpentine, and of the spirit of Juniperberries, of each ten ounces, of the best Asna-vitæ two pound, infuse all according to Art, put it in a Glasse, lute it, let it circulate in a Balny, for a month, then separate the two Liquors, one from another. This Balsom, looks very red, and then this Aqua vitæ, is deservedly called the Mother of the Balsum, both are very good against all Infirmities, and are admirable good against the Plague; the Balsum is for inwarduse, half a scruple, and of the water one dram. Both cause sweat & Urine.

A Magisterie of Coralls and Pearls.

We have an Universali way to make the Mazisterium, not onely of Pearls and Coralls, but of all other Gems. And this operation is performed only by the help of our Phylosophick Aqua-vitæ: we will tell you the manner how you ought to proceed about the Magisterie of coralls, which shall be the Patern to proceed also with the rest.

Take of the Powder of red coralls, six ounces, of our Aqua-vitæ twelve ounces. Let the Coralls be infused in the Aqua-vitæ, and let them be

be dissolved thereinto a clear water. Then separate the pure from the impure, by inclination, taking heed that you do not stir the feces: then take this dissolution, set it in ashes in an Urinall well luted, distill the Spirits and Acgme from it, so that a dry matter be left in the bottom of the Vessel; take out that, and set it into a moyst place, which in a short time, will wholly be dissolved, leaving some earthliness of no value; take this Liquor, set it in Sand, so that the humidity being dissolved into fumes, may nave a dry matter be-Take it out of the Vessel, adda triple quantity of Spirit of Wine to

it, or Aqua-vitæ, which is thrice rectifyed; Set it on circulating in a gentle heat, for a moneth, either into a balny, or at the Sun, and it will yield some Sediment; separare the clear by inclination, and in a balny, si parate the Spirit and Phlegmes and in the bottom of the Vessel remaineth the Magisterie, in the form of a mucilaginious Oyl, and this is the true Prima Materia; and thus you have the Magisterie of coralls, which looketh very white, but the Magisterie of Pearls, comethnear to the colour of Gold, Thus you may proceed with all precious Stones which our Menstruum dissolveth into a clear G. 3.

clear water. The Vertues of these Magisteriums, cannot so easily be described. Their Dose is from three grains to five, and the use of it may be continued as long as there is need of, and that without danger. It is mini-Ared in Wine, Broth, or

The great Magistery of Vitriol.

distilled water. Electuary,

or Confections, even as the

ment.

Physitian shall see it conve-

This Magistery is made by meanes of the four Principall Operations, which are distillation, dissolution, Sublimation, and Circulation.

The first operation produceth this Liquor.

Take of Roman Vitriol, Or any other, which is good, as much as you please, distill it in a retort, extracting onely the spirit and water, and increase your fire as much as you can, so that at last, nothing appear more in the neck of the Retort, then let the Receiver grow could, take out the Liquor and keep it: take out the feces also, or the Colchotar, for the following separa-Mon.

The second operation produceth the Salt.

Take the foresaid Colchotar, pulverise it very subtilly, dissolve it in common water, and extract according to Art all its Salt, so that all the sharpness be gotten out of the Colchotar Calcine this Salt: dissolve, !. and coagulate it five times, so that it be very well rectified, still adding the Colchotar left, to the other, but keep the Salt.

The third operation produceth

Lake the foresaid Colchotary

of Philosophie. chotar, burn it in a great Crucible, then pulverise it very subtilly, and add a third part of that quantity of Salt Armonick; incorporate these two very well, then sublime it very well luted in an Urinall, observing the degrees of fire, and there will. appear in the Alembick, a yellowish matter; continue. the fire, when no more fumes come forth out of the Urinall, then let it cool, take out the sublimed matter, put it into common water warmed, that the Salt Armonick be extracted, separate the clear water from the Sediment; iterate this as often, till all the Salt Armonick be. extracted, and in the bottom

will remain the Sulphur of Vitriol's of a green colour, which being dryed, keep it.

The sourth Operation affordeth the Mazisterium.

Take all the former Liquor, the Salt and Sulphur, joyn these three in a Circulatory very well luted, circulate it in a Balny for a Sennite, then separate the cleare, and distill it in an Alembick, in a Balny, so that all the water come over in the bottom, there will remain a green Liquor, which containeth Salt, Sulpher and Mercury of Vitrioll, which keep, for it is the true Magisterie of Vitriol.

Take the separated water in the Balny, from the said Magisterie, and to each pound of it, add the following Ingredients, viz., take of rect fied Aqua-vita, two ounces, of the Root of People half an ounce, of red Roses of Ralm; Marjoram, of each one Pugill, put all into a Balny, into a Circulatory, for 24. houres, then strain the Liquor, which will be -very red, then add to each pound of these, the following things of Cranium humanum one ounce, of Spodium half an ounce 5 of Camphore

half a dram; of Saffron half a scruple; of Ambergrease two grains; put all these into a Glasse, and circulate it for fix weeks continually, then separate by inclination the subtile from the thick, which keep in a Glasse well luted. And this is the most pretious Liquor, which worketh marvellously, in all the Spices of Convulsions, and is administred in the following way.

The use of the Magistery of Vitriols and its compound Water.

If you intend to admini-Met such noble Medicaments, which are of such an

admirable efficacy in the Falling-sickness, then this. Order ought to be observed; Before you begin, you must expect the new Moon, because this Disease is then in its vigour, and then you must proceed in the following manner: First, the sick party nust be kept from all such meats and Sents, which occasion and cause such a Discase, However, Wine must not altogether be prohibited. Secondly, you must . make an Aromatick, and vitriolized water to be his Diet-drink, when ever he is: thirsty between meales; in the mornings fasting, are to give three drops, according to the con-

stitution of the party; if our green Magisterie, with half a dram of the compound water in Marjoram Wine, then the strife will begin against the Disease, and will cause a Vomit to the party of clear water, refresh him after four houres are past. Thirdly, the fit must be obferved, and alwayes when the fit is past, you must minister unto him one scruple of the Compound vitriolised water, with Marjoram Wine, and if the fit cometh often, then you ought to minister but halfadose, continuing it till the Disease be: diminished, which will be about the new Moon. At last, when you see it need-

full, minister the Magisterie once more: in brief, he that will undertake to cure such a Disease, must be a Physitian, and not a Woman.

The Compound Liquor of the vitriolised Tartar.

This Lemmon Liquor, by reason of its temperature, may very well be used to severall infirmities, and to all such persons, where there is nced of opening, subtiliating, mundifying, and consolidating, and it worketh by sweat and Urine.

Take of white crude. Tartar, of Viscous Vitriol, of. each two drams; beat these two together, distill them.

in a Retort, as much as possible you can, then let the stilling-Vessels grow cold, and take the Liquor out of the Receiver, which is muddy and stinking, poure it on again fo the Caput mort, in a new Retort well luted, apply a Receiver, and distill. again; iterate this worka third time, so that the Liquot be as clear as water: weighthe Liquor, add half its quantity of rectified Aqua-vitæ to it, then take of albisied Vitriol, and calcined Tartar, of each 20. ounces, put all these into a Retort, adding to it all the Liquor, distill as long as any water and Spirits run over, then let the Vessels grow

cold, and keep that Liquor. in a well flopt glass, to which add the following.

Therefore take the said Liquor, and add to each pound three drachms of Sassassas, of white Ginger two drachms; of Galanga, of Treacle, of Androniachus, one dram and half; of Orientall Suffraca, six grains, of Ambergreece and Musk; Of. each 3. grains. Put all these into a glass, circulate for six weeks in a warm place, or in the Sun, then separate the subtile from the thick, by inclination or decauting, and keep it as a Tewel.

The

The Vegitable Salt.

Take the Caput mort of the said Tartar and Vitriol, extract its Salt with distill'd common water, coagulate away one moity, and let it grow cold, to the bottomward you see the transparent salt like Cristal, then coagulate the water more, and let it grow cold, continue it so long till all the salt be gotten out; which keep for a Medicinal use.

Theuse of the Compound! Liquor of Tartar.

This Liquor may be used fasely against all manner of obstructi-

obstructions of the body, and it is a Specificum against the Pox. But its particular operations are against the Sciatica, Gout in the hands, Chollick, Illiac Possion, and against the torments and gripings in the Belly.

The manner of the using of it is this 3. You must take mornings an hour before day in the best Wine, then the party must abide in the bed for half an hour, then let him take warm broth, and the party will begin to sweat all the body over, which cometh very easily; After two or three hours sweating, let him shift himsels and rise out of the bed, and eat some restorative: And this may.

shall see occasion, using every fifth day a moderate purgative; in this manner many Chronical Infirmities are cured. Its dose is from two drams to 3. drams in Wine, and the ofiner the party maketh use of, the better it will be for him, for it removeth all peccant matter, and reneweth the blood of the whole body.

The use of the Vegitable Salt.

This Salt may be mini-Ared with such things which work and operate against the gravel in the Reins, and the Stone in the bladder, be-

of Philosophie. 141 may be used twenty or thir cause it is very proper for ty times more or less, as you sich diseases. Its dose is half a dram at once.

A Specificum against the Cholick.

Take of the spirit of Juni-per, and spirit of Turpentine, pour it on St. Johns-wort, pressit out, add more of the fresh Flowers to it, till it be very red; one scruple of it taken in broth, is an approved Medicament against the Cholick; If St. Johns-wort be digested in spirit of Wine for a moneth, then its pretious oyl will swim at the

The green oyl of Vitriol.

Take of Vitriol 2. pound, put it in an Urinal in a balny for a month, let it be dissolved into a transparant green Liquor, its combustible Sulphur remaineth in the bottom, decaut the Liquor from the phlegme, rectifie it in a balny, then you have the purging green oyl wherewith you may cure the Falling-sickness.

FINIS.